## S5-DIAG user manual

(english)


Art.Nr. 9368
11.02.2021
© PI 2021

## index of contents

## S5-DIAG

## 1 Description

## 2 System requirements

2.1 Operating system(s)
2.2 Software
2.3 Hardware

## 3 Connecting options

## 4 Installation

4.1 Hardware

## 5 Control elements

5.1 Keyboard and Display

## 6 Implementing

6.1 Overview of the menus
6.2 The function of the S5-DIAG
6.2.1 The function LAST
6.2.2 The function DIAG
6.2.3 The function INFO
6.2.4 The function LANGUAGE
6.2.5 the function PROGRam
6.2.6 The function BLOCK
6.2.7 The function STACK
6.2.7.1 The function USTACK
6.2.7.2 The function BSTACK
6.2.7.3 The function MANUAL
6.2.8 The function FILE
6.2.9 The function DIAL Ü
6.2.10 The function TOOLS

## 7 Technical data

7.1 pin assignment power supply
7.2 Pin assignment TTY / 20 mA current loop

## S5-DIAG

## 1 Description

Das S5-Diag ist entwickelt worden, um einfach, schnell und übersichtlich ein SPS im Fehlerfall zu analysieren. Der Fehler wird in klarer, verständlicher Sprache auf dem Display ausgegeben. Die Funktionstasten des S5-Diag erleichtern die Handhabung und einen schnelle Zugriff auf diverse Menüs. Sie müssen sich nur auf die PG-Buchse Ihrer S5-SPS aufstecken und die Fehleranalyse starten.

## 2 System requirements

### 2.1 Operating system(s)

- no


### 2.2 Software

- no


### 2.3 Hardware

- 15pol. TTY interface of the S5 PLC
- 24 V DC external power supply case of a PLC without 24 V on the PG socket


## 3 Connecting options

Error analysis directly at the S5


## 4 Installation

### 4.1 Hardware

Plug in the S5-Diag with a 15 pole 1:1 cable directly to your S5 PLC. The device is powered from the PG-socket when 24 V is available. Should the device not start please supply it externally with 24 V DC.

## 5 Control elements

### 5.1 Keyboard and Display

Operation of the S5-DIAG effected by means of a menu and the four buttons below each call the function directly above the icon in the icon bar at the bottom of the display. The device serves for the investigation of the PLC Series 90 to 115


The device has the F-keys [F1] to [F4], the number keys [0] to [9], star [*] and the Enter button [] for the operation. The expenditure made on the illuminated LCD graphic display.

## 6 Implementing

### 6.1 Overview of the menus

The main menu of the device is divided into four. You switch to the different parts of the main menu by pressing the [F1] key left outside. The current part of the main menu is always indicated in the first Line. If you are in a sub-menu in the first line will also be indicated the name
of the submenu and the leftmost button is reserved for the return to the main menu.
The first part of the main menu includes the functions left to the previously described main menu change, the right function and the function LAST if the DIAG DIAG function is already running in second position.

| R | LAST | DIAG |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

The first part of the main menu:

- The LAST function displays out the result of the last diagnostic.
- The function DIAG starts the diagnostics of the AG.

The second part of the main menu includes as functions (from left to right) the previously described main menu change, the INFO function, the configuration menu and the function DIAG.

| NH | INFO | CONFIG | DIAG |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

The second part of the main menu

- The INFO function shows the technical data of the connected AG on 5 pages.
- The CONFIG menu includes the language setting of the device.
- The DIAG function also starts the diagnostics of the connected AG.

The third part of the main menu includes (from left to right) the main menu change, the "PROGRam" menu, the menu "BLOCK" and the far right menu STACK.

| に为 | PROGR | BLOCK | STACK |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

The third part of the main menu:
These menus are not released yet.
In the fourth part of the main menu conceal the known return jump and the three menus FILE, DIAL, and TOOLS.

| FILE | FLAG | TOOLS |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

The fourth part of the main menu:
These menus are not released yet.

### 6.2 The function of the S5-DIAG

The first menu point in the main menu switches to the second part of the main menu in order.

### 6.2.1 The function LAST

The second menu item of the first part of the main menu starts the function LAST. This function shows again the result of the last runned diagnostics. If you have since the start of the device no recently diagnosis, this feature is not available and the menu is not displayed.

### 6.2.2 The function DIAG

The fourth item of the first part of the main menu starts the function DIAG. This function DIAG starts the diagnostics of the connected AG.

The DIAG function gives you an easy-to-use function to determine the status of the AG and to
seek the responsible cause. With this function you can display the causes of errors in a clear and understandable way.

If the AG is in STOP mode, this is showed and immediately searched for the cause of the STOP condition.

```
*** diagnosis***
```

AG in STOP state
seeking cause


This cause the display is then output.

```
*** diagnosis ***
AG in STOP state
Command in the STS program
FB 10 rel.SAZ: 0012h
```


## 4 4

If the AG is in RUN mode, you can investigate and specify marker, input or output that does not have the right state and why this condition is not present. You select with the F-keys the corresponding point you want to examine on the menu bar. You can choose with the $F$ keys between FLAG, input and output, as indicated by the F-key row.

| 44 | FLAG | INPUT | OUTPUT |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Then you can add by using the two arrows (F3 and F4) the number of the selected marker, the input or output to select the digit to be changed and then enter with the keys the desired number there

| 14 | $<=$ | $\Rightarrow$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

When you have finished, press enter. Then you will be asked which state should have the selected flag, input or output. The desired state would be specified with the F-keys [F3] or [F4].

```
*** diagnosis ***
Please enter the
desired state
to the operand
LOW /0/PASSIVE
14 \(\square\) ACTIVE PASSIVE
```

Then S5 DIAG analyze the program and the entire PLC content. S5-Diag you out there what is cause of the error. This allows you to easily find the cause of the error because you do know then which inputs are responsible.

```
*** diagnosis ***
Inputs that are not
applied correctly:
E 14.1 state: 0
E 10.0 state: }
```

If you check now for example the listed inputs, you have to eliminate quickly the forcing function.

### 6.2.3 The function INFO

The second menu item of the second part of the main menu activates the function INFO.
The INFO function shows on the display the technical data for your connected AG on 5 pages as follows. Pressing any F key to switch to the next display page.

The display page 1 shows you the addresses of the peripheral inputs and outputs as well as start addresses of the process image for inputs and outputs in hexadecimal values.

```
*** diagnosis***
Inputs that are not
applied correctly:
E 14.1 state: 0
E 10.0 state: 1
```



In the display page 2 you have the start addresses of memory, time and counter areas and the system data is displayed in hexadecimal values.

```
flag area: EE00
```

time range: EC00
counter range: ED00
system data: EA00


The display page 3 lists to the AG the maximum number of different types of blocks.

```
number od DB: }256\mathrm{ DX: 000
number of FB: 256 FX: 000
number of OB: }25
number of PB: }25
number of SB: }25
```



On page 4 of the display will be listed the addresses of the memory beginning and end of the program in hexadecimal form. It will also outputted the length of DB0 (accountant) and the block length of the head.

```
memory beginning: 0000
end of program: CFFF
Length of DB0: 2560
Bst head length: 010
```



The display page 5 will be displayed the software version and the identifications of the CPU in hexadecimal form．


If no $A G$ is connected or the connected $A G$ is not turned on，the function returns to the main menu after a futile search for the AG．

## 6．2．4 The function LANGUAGE

The third item of the second part of the main menu takes you to the CONFIG menu．This menu contains the function to adjust the language of S5 Diags．
44 LANGUAGE $\square$

The language can be set in the LANGUAGE function in the first main menu submenu configuration and is to be made in all editions of the diagnostic device．When you choose this menu item，the following screen appears where you will be prompted to press the $F$ key．The language chosen is active immediately and will be permanently stored in the device．Thus，this language is active in the device also the next time．

| Choose Language |
| :--- | :--- |
| F1：German |
| F2：English |
| GERMAN ENGLISH |

The fourth item of the second part of the main menu starts the previously described function DIAG diagnostics of the connected AG．

## 6．2．5 the function PROGRam

The second menu item in the third part of the main menu activates the menu PROGRam， whose functions have not been released yet．
－The menu PROGR contains the functions（from left to right）
ST．VAR（tax variables），STATUS Output and data logger
to return to the main menu．
为

## 6．2．6 The function BLOCK

The third menu item in the third part of the main menu activates the menu modules whose functions are not released yet．
－The BLOCK menu contains（in the same sequence of keys）
the return to the main menu，MC5 code output
Program STRUCTure and MEMORY of the AG issue．

| に気 | MC5 | STRUCT | MEMORY |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

6．2．7 The function STACK

The fourth item in the third part of the main menu activates the menu STACK.

- The menu STACK contains the functions USTACK and BSTACK view and MANUAL.

| \% | USTACK | BSTACK | MANUAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

6.2.7.1 The function USTACK

The function ISTACK is the second item of the menu PROGRam.
This function represents the interrupted stack on the display of your connected AG. The interrupt stack, you can see the reasons which led to termination of the program processing on the AG.

The information contained herein is presented as follows:
The display page control bits set the control bits are outputted. If more than 5 control bits are set, you can scroll downwards and upwards by using the [F3] and [F4], as indicated by the F-key bar at the bottom of the display. Pressing the [F1] switch on the far left side of the next screen.

```
** Control bits **
T,Z,M has been deleted
STOP state
STOP display
battery buffer is ok
no memory module

The result display lists the results of the setted display bits. If more than 5 results display bits are set, you can scroll downwards and upwards by using the [F3] and [F4], as indicated by F-key bar at the bottom of the display. Pressing the [F1] key on the far left side of the next screen.
```

** results display **
combination result
last instruction initial interrogation

```


In the following screen page fault cause are listed the fault causes. If more than 5 causes of faults are set, you can browse downward and upward by pressing [F3] and [F4], as illustrated in the F-key bar at the bottom of the display. Pressing the [F1] switch on the far left side of the next screen.
```

** fault cause**
receipt directory peripheral

```
    \(44 \square \square\)

The following pages displays the contents of the battery pack given out and registered from the AG. The output of the display page 4 will look something like this:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline battery pack 2 & 0000 \\
\hline nesting depth & 001 \\
\hline command register & 7211 \\
\hline step address
counter & 3A13 \\
\hline relative step address counter & 000C \\
\hline 44 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The output of the display page 5 looks at this AG in the example is as follows:
\begin{tabular}{||l||}
\hline \hline block: \\
FB 113 \\
DB adress: \\
DB number : \\
blockStackP : \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{} & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Following the issue of the data to return to the menu STACK.

\subsection*{6.2.7.2 The function BSTACK}

This function is the second item of the menu PROGRam.
This function represents the "processing stack" of your connected AG on the display . The processing stack can find all the block and return addresses in the order in which they were called. As the number 1 is the block in which you are now.

The display in the first line contains the number on the stack processing of the output on the display module.

The third line contains the number of the block, the number of actual valid data block and the absolute address of the actual valid data block.

In the fifth line, the absolute address of the block stand in the memory of the AG, the absolute return address for the call to the calling block and the relative return address block.
\begin{tabular}{||lll||}
\hline number: & 0001 & \\
block & DBNr & DBAdr \\
OB 021 & & \\
adress & \begin{tabular}{l} 
return \\
jump
\end{tabular} & relative \\
4351 & 4353 & 0002 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{} \\
\hline & & \(\square\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

You can press the F-3 and 4 buttons to scroll up and down through the entries in BStack, as presented in the F-key bar at the bottom of the display. The current number in BStack is always displayed in the first row. With the F-1 key left you quit the BSTACK and return to the menu STACK.

The fourth item of the menu STACK is the MANUAL function which is not released yet.

\subsection*{6.2.8 The function FILE}

The second menu item in the fourth Part of the main menu activates the FILE menu, whose functions have not been released yet.
- The FILE menu offers functions as BACKUP, RESTORE and COMParing data.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|}
\hline 44 & BACKUP & RESTORE & COMP \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
6.2.9 The function DIAL Ü

The third menu item in the fourth Part of the main menu activates the menu DIAL, whose functions have not been released yet.
- The menu DIAL contains the functions EMBED and REPORT printout.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline 44 & EMBED & REPORT \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\subsection*{6.2.10 The function TOOLS}

The fourth item in the fourth Part of the main menu activates the TOOLS menu, whose functions have not been released yet.
- In the TOOLS menu you can select a STOPWATCH, a CALCULATOR and the display of the ASCII table.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|}
\hline 14 & STOPWATCH & CALCULATOR ASCII \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{7 Technical data}

\section*{Supply voltage:}

24V DC +/- 20\%
Power consumption:
3,5 watt
Display:
LCD-display
Handling/Configuration: integrated keypad with function keys

\section*{Interfaces:}
to the PLC:
TTY/20mA current loop
Operating temperature: \(0-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\)
Case:
Dimensions:
powder coated metal case
\(187 \times 110 \times 49 \mathrm{~mm}\)
Scope of delivery:
S5-DIAG
Cable 15pin 1to1
Power connector 3pins big

\section*{7.1 pin assignment power supply}

7.2 Pin assignment TTY / 20 mA current loop
\begin{tabular}{||llll||}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Pin \\
number
\end{tabular} & Short form & Designation & Direction \\
\hline 1 & Mext & external mass & input \\
2 & TTY OUT + & send data + & output \\
3 & NC & not used & \\
4 & \(+24 V\) & power supply +24 V & input \\
5 & GND & internal mass & input \\
6 & TTY IN - & received data - & input \\
7 & GND & internal mass & input \\
8 & Mext & external mass & input \\
9 & I-Tx & 20mA current source transmitter & output \\
10 & M24V & mass +24V & input \\
11 & NC & not used & input \\
12 & GND & internal mass & \\
13 & NC & not used & input \\
14 & NC & not used & internal mass \\
15 & GND &
\end{tabular}```

